

## NZYDNA Ladder II, 1400-10000 bp

Catalogue number	Presentation
MB04303	500 µL (100 lanes)
MB04301	2 x 500 µL (200 lanes)
MB04302	5 x 500 µL (500 lanes)

### Description

NZYDNA Ladder II is a ready-to-use molecular weight marker, specially designed for easy size determination and DNA quantification through agarose gel electrophoresis. Containing a dye for direct gel loading, it simplifies handling procedures and saves valuable time. The NZYDNA Ladder II exhibits a distinct pattern featuring 9 regularly spaced bands, ranging from 1400 to 10000 base pairs. The concentration of DNA is provided for each band of the marker, allowing for the optional determination of the approximate mass of DNA in sample bands of similar size that exhibit comparable intensity.

### Shipping & Storage Conditions

This product can be shipped at a range of temperatures from dry ice to room temperature. After delivery, product should be stored at -85°C to -15°C. The product is stable enough to be stored at 2 to 8°C for short-term storage for up to 6 months. Minimize the number of freeze-thaw cycles by aliquoting smaller volumes after first thawing. NZYDNA Ladder II will remain stable till the expiry date if stored as specified.

### Components

COMPONENT	MB04303 (100 lanes)		MB04301 (200 lanes)		MB04302 (500 lanes)	
	TUBES	VOLUME	TUBES	VOLUME	TUBES	VOLUME
NZYDNA Ladder II (100 lanes)	1	500 µL	2	500 µL	5	500 µL

### Specifications

**Size range:** 1400 bp to 10000 bp

**Concentration:** 82.8 ng/µL

**Number of bands:** 9

**Size of bands:** 1400 bp, 2000 bp, 2500 bp, 3000 bp, 4000 bp, 5000 bp, 6000 bp, 7500 bp, 10000 bp

**Tracking dye:** Orange G, Xylene cyanol FF

### Technical Notes

**Agarose:** A gel concentration of around 0.8% to 1.5% agarose is recommended. This range allows for optimal resolution of DNA fragments within this size range during electrophoresis. For best results using our ladder range we recommend using NZYtech agaroses.

**Loading Volume:** The recommended loading volume is 5 µl/well.

### Quality control assays

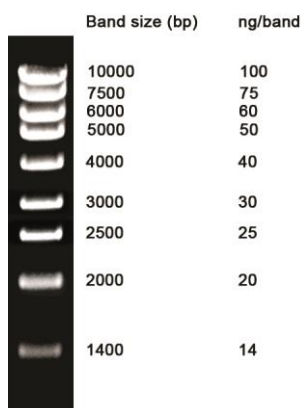
#### Nuclease assays

To test for DNase contamination, 1 µg of pNZY28-derived plasmid DNA are incubated with 15 µL of NZYDNA Ladder II for 14-16 h at 37 °C. Following incubation, the nucleic acid is visualized on a GreenSafe-stained agarose gel. There must be no visible nicking or cutting of the nucleic acid.

#### Electrophoretic Pattern (Marker)

5 µL of NZYDNA Ladder II is loaded onto a 1% (w/v) agarose gel with TAE buffer and separated by electrophoresis to check the intensity and the pattern of bands. It is expected to observe 9 regularly spaced bands, as presented in Figure 1.

## Data



**Figure 1.** Precisely 5  $\mu$ L of NZYDNA Ladder II were electrophoresed in a 1% (w/v) electrophoresis grade agarose (NZYtech, Cat. No.MB027) gel. The gel was buffered with TAE (v/v) and stained with GreenSafe Premium (NZYtech, Cat. No MB13201).

## Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting is often a systematic, meticulous process where varying one parameter at a time and evaluating impacts can unveil the root cause of issues. These adjusted suggestions, incorporating a blend of specificity and exploratory approaches, aim to enhance the clarity and actionability of your troubleshooting guide. Should any other technical or procedural aspects require attention, your feedback and additional information will always be welcomed.

INDISTINCTIVE LADDER AFTER ELECTROPHORETIC ANALYSIS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Ladder is not sinking upon loading</b></li> </ul>
Vortex briefly before loading to ensure proper mixing.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>No intercalant dye added</b></li> </ul>
Ensure incorporation of a DNA intercalating dye solution, such as GreenSafe Premium (NZYtech, MB13201) in the correct amount, or post-stain the gel to visualize DNA after electrophoretic migration.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Incorrect agarose concentration</b></li> </ul>
Ensure that the agarose gel is prepared with a concentration within or close to the recommended range corresponding to the size range of the ladder.
UNEXPECTED BANDS OR SMEARED BANDS AFTER ELECTROPHORETIC ANALYSIS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Ladder is degraded</b></li> </ul>
Inadequate manipulation or storage can promote degradation. Make aliquots to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Refer to the "Shipping & Storage". Minimize exposure to nucleases, by using sterile tips and storing the ladder at -85°C to -15°C in small-volume aliquots.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Ladder is contaminated with other DNA source</b></li> </ul>
Preserve the vial integrity. Always use sterile tips, preferably with filters, to prevent contamination.

For life science research only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.