

MB147\_UG\_EN\_V2401

# NZYDNA Ladder VII, 100-3000 bp

 Catalogue number
 Presentation

 MB14703
  $500 \mu L$  (100 lanes)

 MB14701
  $2 \times 500 \mu L$  (200 lanes)

 MB14702
  $5 \times 500 \mu L$  (500 lanes)

#### Description

NZYDNA Ladder VII is a ready-to-use molecular weight marker, specially designed for easy size determination and DNA quantification through agarose gel electrophoresis. Containing a dye for direct gel loading, it simplifies handling procedures and saves valuable time. The NZYDNA Ladder VII exhibits a distinct pattern featuring 14 regularly spaced bands, ranging from 100 to 3000 base pairs. The concentration of DNA is provided for each band of the marker, allowing for the optional determination of the approximate mass of DNA in sample bands of similar size that exhibit comparable intensity.

#### **Shipping & Storage Conditions**

This product can be shipped at a range of temperatures from dry ice to room temperature. After delivery, product should be stored at -85°C to -15°C. The product is stable enough to be stored at 2 to 8°C for short-term storage for up to 6 months. Minimize the number of freeze-thaw cycles by aliquoting smaller volumes after first thawing. NZYDNA Ladder VII will remain stable till the expiry date if stored as specified.

## **Components**

	MB14703 (100 lanes)		MB14701 (200 lanes)		MB14702 (500 lanes)	
COMPONENT	TUBES	VOLUME	TUBES	VOLUME	TUBES	VOLUME
NZYDNA Ladder VII (100 lanes)	1	500 μL	2	500 μL	5	500 μL

# **Specifications**

Size range: 100 bp to 3000 bp Concentration: 170 ng/ $\mu$ L Number of bands: 14

Size of bands: 100 bp, 200 bp, 300 bp, 400 bp, 500 bp, 600 bp, 700 bp, 800 bp, 900 bp, 1000 bp, 1200 bp, 1600 bp, 2000 bp, 3000 bp

Tracking dye: Bromophenol blue

## **Technical Notes**

**Agarose:** A gel concentration of around 1.5% to 2% agarose is recommended. This range allows for optimal resolution of DNA fragments within this size range during electrophoresis. For best results using our ladder range we recommend using NZYtech agaroses.

**Loading Volume:** The recommended loading volume is 5  $\mu$ l/well.

## **Quality control assays**

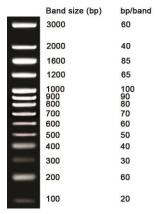
## **Nuclease assays**

To test for DNase contamination, 1 μg of pNZY28-derivated plasmid DNA are incubated with 15 μL of NZYDNA Ladder VII for 14-16 h at 37 °C. Following incubation, the nucleic acid is visualized on a GreenSafe-stained agarose gel. There must be no visible nicking or cutting of the nucleic acid.

# **Electrophoretic Pattern (Marker)**

 $5~\mu L$  of NZYDNA Ladder VII is loaded onto a 1.5% (w/v) agarose gel with TAE buffer and separated by electrophoresis to check the intensity and the pattern of bands. It is expected to observe 14 regularly spaced bands, as presented in Figure 1.

#### Data



**Figure 1.** Precisely 5  $\mu$ L of NZYDNA Ladder VII were electrophoresed in a 1.5% (w/v) electrophoresis grade agarose (NZYtech, Cat. No.MB027) gel. The gel was buffered with TAE (v/v) and stained with GreenSafe Premium (NZYtech, Cat. No MB13201).

# **Troubleshooting**

Troubleshooting is often a systematic, meticulous process where varying one parameter at a time and evaluating impacts can unveil the root cause of issues. These adjusted suggestions, incorporating a blend of specificity and exploratory approaches, aim to enhance the clarity and actionability of your troubleshooting guide. Should any other technical or procedural aspects require attention, your feedback and additional information will always be welcomed.

#### INDISTINTIVE LADDER AFTER ELECTROPHORETIC ANALYSIS

• Ladder is not sinking upon loading

Vortex briefly before loading to ensure proper mixing.

• No intercalant dye added

Ensure incorporation of a DNA intercalating dye solution, such as GreenSafe Premium (NZYtech, MB13201) in the correct amount, or post-stain the gel to visualize DNA after electrophoretic migration.

• Incorrect agarose concentration

Ensure that the agarose gel is prepared with a concentration within or close to the recommended range corresponding to the size range of the ladder

## **UNEXPECTED BANDS OR SMEARED BANDS AFTER ELECTROPHORETIC ANALYSIS**

• Ladder is degraded

Inadequate manipulation or storage can promote degradation. Make aliquots to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Refer to the "Shipping & Storage". Minimize exposure to nucleases, by using sterile tips and storing the ladder at -85°C to -15°C in small-volume aliquots.

Ladder is contaminated with other DNA source

Preserve the vial integrity. Always use sterile tips, preferably with filters, to prevent contamination.

For life science research only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.